The webinar will begin shortly





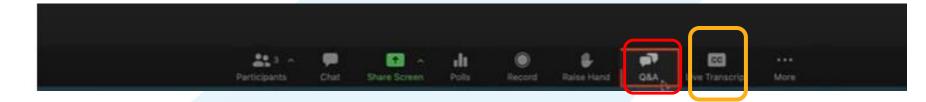
How to participate

- Please post any questions you may have in the Q&A
- Upvoting is enabled
- Chat has been disabled
- Questions will be addressed by the speakers at the end of the presentation

- Presentation slides and recording will be posted after the webinar
- Closed captioning

Email technical issues to:QIP@OntarioHealth.ca





Agenda

- Opening remarks
- 2. Looking back: analysis of 2023/24 QIP submissions
- 3. Looking forward 2024/25 QIP program
- 4. Supports and resources
- 5. Questions

Poll

How many people are listening at your site?

- **2**
- 4 or more

What health care sector are you representing?

- Hospital
- Interprofessional primary care
- Long-term care
- Mental health and addictions
- Other

Land Acknowledgement

Opening Remarks

DR. DAVID KAPLAN | VICE PRESIDENT, QUALITY

Analysis of 2023/24 QIPs

2023/24 Narrative analysis

Торіс	Interprofessional Primary Care	Hospitals	Long-Term Care
Patient/client/resident partnering and relations	Experience and satisfaction surveying remains most common method of obtaining feedback and is often used to plan improvement work.	Experience surveying remains most common method of obtaining feedback. Prioritizing diversifying patient family advisory council representation.	Engagement and partnering with resident/families through council meetings, newsletters, in-person and virtual interactions.
Provider experience	Resounding concerns with burnout and turnover due to increased workloads, health human resource shortages, and administrative burden.	Large focus on health human resource issues and mitigation strategies include use of agencies, international hires, self-scheduling, recruitment, incentivizing overtime. Prioritizing staff mental health and wellness.	Health human resource challenges: initiatives focused on staff recruitment and retention, improving staff morale through appreciation events.
Workplace violence prevention	Most organizations provide staff support through regular training, crisis intervention, de-escalation strategies, and emergency codes. They have processes such as assistance programs in place to support staff.	Remains an important topic for hospitals. Main themes include education campaigns, prevention tools, and leadership accountability.	Workplace violence protection training, policies and procedures included in orientation and annually. Focused training on gentle persuasion approaches.

2023/24 Narrative analysis

Topic	Interprofessional Primary Care	Hospitals	Long-Term Care
Patient safety	A priority for sector. Quality improvement activities and innovations include leveraging technology, involving patient/client participation in safety incident reviews, participating in education or communities of practice.	Importance of shared learning and mitigating patient safety incidents. Keen interest in focusing on a just culture philosophy to improve safety culture and a culture of reporting. Majority have robust processes in place to review and learn from incidents. There is a gap in the follow-up and knowledge sharing component to prevent future recurrence.	Focus on resident safety (e.g., falls, pressure injury, infection prevention) Most organizations have processes in place to track, collect and investigate incidents and prevent reoccurrence. Important to create a just culture.
Health equity	Most organizations demonstrate organizational commitment to equitable, diverse, and inclusive care for all clients through strategy, mission, vision, and values. Increased collecting of sociodemographic patient data to inform future programs, services, and patient-facing materials. Education and training for staff and board members on equity, diversity, inclusion, anti-racism, and Indigenous cultural training.	Organizations collaborate with OHTs to collect sociodemographic data and health equity education and use surveys to understand the populations served.	Organizations have equity, diversity, and inclusion committees. Sociodemographic data collection through electronic health records.

2023/24 Workplan analysis

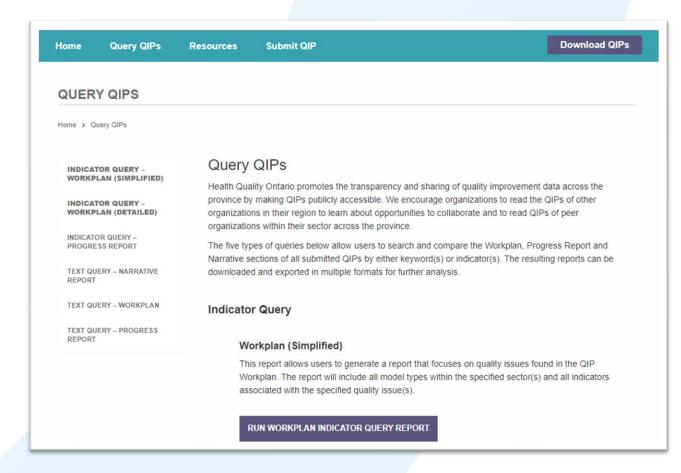
Interprofessional Primary Care	Hospitals	Long-Term Care
 Most common custom indicators related to cancer screening Advanced access Post hospital discharge follow-up 	 Most common custom indicator related to emergency department access/flow Patient satisfaction surveys Workplace violence and hospital-acquired harm indicators Health equity climate surveys Equity, diversity, inclusivity, anti-racism training 	 Most common custom indicators related to resident experience, resident satisfaction Falls Pressure injuries

Learn and read QIPs of peer organizations

Want to know more about 2023/24 QIPs?

Go to Query QIP - no login required!

https://qipnavigator.hqontario.ca/QIPReports/ /Reports.aspx



Looking forward – 2024/25 QIP program

Looking forward – 2024/25

Starting with work in 2022/23, the QIP program has been working to **simplify and streamline** expectations while maintaining a level of consistency with previous QIP expectations to reduce burden on organizations.



- Focus on key priority issues
- Flexibility to use optional indicators as a starting point
- Supporting improvement by:
 - Working with regions to encourage organizations to include improvement activities as part of their workplan
 - Using data and analytics to drive decisionmaking
 - Pre-populating indicator data where available
 - Providing more guidance on target setting and appropriate use of benchmarks

2024/25 QIP matrix – priority issues

- Access and flow A high-quality health system provides people with the care they need, when
 and where they need it.
- **Equity** Advancing equity, inclusion, and diversity and addressing racism to reduce disparities in outcomes for patients, families, and providers is the foundation of a high-quality health system.
- Experience Better experiences result in better outcomes. Tracking and understanding experience is an important element of quality.
- Safety A high-quality health system ensures people receive care in a way that is safe and effective.

	Optional indicators (by secto		
Priority issue	Hospitals	Interprofessional primary care	Long-term care
Access and flow			
A high-quality health system provides people with the care they need, when and where they need it.	 90th percentile ambulance offload time 	 Patient/client perception of timely access to care 	 Rate of potentially avoidable ED visits for long-term
	 90th percentile ED length of stay 	 Number of new patients/clients/enrolment 	care residents
	 90th percentile ED wait time to inpatient bed 		
	 Alternate level of care throughput ratio 		
	 Percentage of patients who visited the ED and left without being seen by a physician 		

	Optional indicators (by sector)			
Priority issue	Interprofessional primary			
	Hospitals	care	Long-term care	
Equity				
Advancing equity, inclusion, and diversity and addressing racism to reduce disparities in outcomes for patients, families, and providers is the foundation of a high-quality health system.	 Percentage of staff (executive-level, management, or all) who have completed relevant equity, diversity, and inclusion, and antiracism education Average ED wait time to PIA for individuals with sickle cell disease (CTAS 1 or 2) 	 Percentage of staff (executive-level, management, or all) who have completed relevant equity, diversity, and inclusion, and antiracism education Completion of sociodemographic data collection 	 Percentage of staff (executive- level, management, or all) who have completed relevant equity, diversity, and inclusion, and antiracism education 	
	 Rate of ED 30-day repeat visits for individuals with sickle cell disease 			
	 Percentage of ED visits for individuals with sickle cell disease triaged with high severity (CTAS 1 or 2) 			

	Optional indicators (by sector)		
Priority issue	Hospitals	Interprofessional primary care	Long-term care
Experience			
Better experiences result in better outcomes. Tracking and understanding experience is an important element of quality.	 Do patients feel they received adequate information about their health and their care at discharge? 	 Do patients/clients feel comfortable and welcome at their primary care office? Do patients/clients feel involved in decisions about their care? 	 Do residents feel they can speak up without fear of consequences? Do residents feel they have a voice and are listened to by staff?

	Optional indicators (by secto	or)	
Priority issue		Interprofessional prin	nary
	Hospitals	care	Long-term care
Safety			
A high-quality health system ensures people receive care in	 Rate of delirium onset during hospitalization 		 Percentage of long-term care residents not living with
a way that is safe and effective.	 Rate of medication reconciliation at discharge 		psychosis who were given antipsychotic medication
	 Rate of workplace violence incidents resulting in lost time injury 		 Percentage of long-term care residents who fell in the last 30 days

Relationship between accountability and quality improvement

Accountability establishes the performance threshold and minimum expectations that organizations are expected to achieve for specific indicators.

Quality improvement enables organizations to set stretch targets and test innovative changes while building a culture of continuous improvement that may lead to improved performance and reduced variation over time.



Narrative section

New: Access and Flow

New: Population Health Approach

Equity and Indigenous Health

Patient/Client/Resident Experience

Provider Experience

Safety

Sector-specific sections:

New - Primary Care: Administrative Burden

Hospitals: Executive Compensation

Supports and Resources

Poll

Rank the topics below in order of usefulness in supporting your organization with quality improvement (1 being most useful and 5 least useful)

- a. Understanding how to engage your teams/leadership/board in quality
- Understanding how to select change ideas and conduct small tests of change
- Creating a measurement plan/measuring and using data
- d. Understanding how to assess barriers and facilitators
- e. Understanding how to plan for implementation

What supports would be valuable to you for implementing your QIP?

- Quality Standards
- Sharing tools and resources on Quorum
- MyPractice Reports (Primary care, Long-term care)
- QIP sector-specific drop-in sessions
- Consultation and support (QIP@ontariohealth.ca email)
- Topic-specific webinars
- Region-specific support

Essential to QIP planning



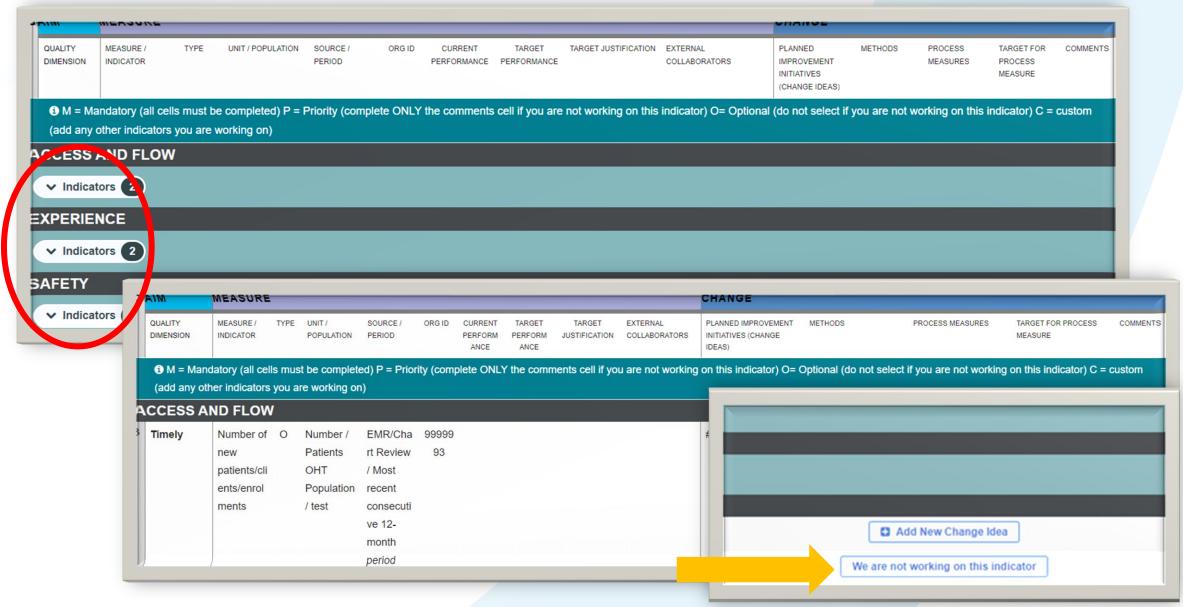
- Indicator matrix
- Narrative questions
- Guidance document
- Indicator technical specifications
- New: Target setting placemat

Visit **QIP Navigator** to access the most up-to-date information and documents

- Review current performance data in Navigator when it becomes available
- Opening date to be determined
 - Interprofessional primary care and long-term care opening in mid-Dec
 - Hospitals opening in January
 (*QIP templates will be provided in advance)

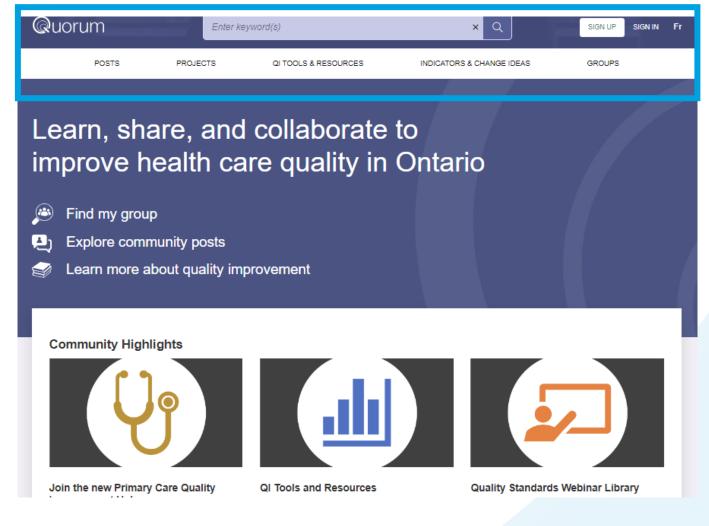
New: QIP Resources being moved from HQO web domain to QIP Navigator Bookmark URL https://qipnavigator.hqontario.ca/Default.aspx

Navigator updates



Resources to support improvement

Quorum https://quorum.hqontario.ca/en/



Communities of Practice (CoPs):

- Delirium Aware Safer Healthcare CoP
- General Medicine Quality Improvement Network CoP
- Ontario Emergency Services CoP
- Primary Care Improvement Hub
- Quality and Patient Safety CoP

Resources to support improvement





Dec 7 @ 12:00 | <u>Advancing Equitable</u> Healthcare for People with Sickle Cell Disease

Past webinars:



Oct 6 recording | Missed Opportunities:
Patients Leaving the Emergency Department
Without Being Seen

(passcode: 4D3eDy&G)

Recording | Delirium Awareness: Provincial Geriatrics Leadership Ontario Webinar

Register for QIP drop-in sessions – starting in January 2024:

- Hospital drop-in <u>registration link</u>
- Interprofessional primary care drop-in registration link
- Long-term care drop-in <u>registration link</u>

Questions?

Poll

How would you rate the overall quality of this webinar?

Very good
Good
Fair
Poor
Very poor

Appendix

2024/25 Quality Improvement Plan Indicator Matrix Optional indicators (by sector)

A high-quality health system provides people with the care

Advancing equity, inclusion and diversity and addressing

families, and providers is the foundation of a high-quality

Better experiences result in better outcomes. Tracking and

A high-quality health system ensures people receive care in

a way that is safe and effective.

racism to reduce disparities in outcomes for patients,

they need, when and where they need it.

Drinrity issues

Equity

health system.

Experience

Safety

Thority issues	Hospitals	Interprofessional primary care
Access and flow		

antiracism education

disease (CTAS 1 or 2)

cell disease

90th percentile ambulance offload time

90th percentile ED wait time to inpatient bed Alternate level of care throughput ratio

% of staff (executive-level, management, or all) who have

Average ED wait time to PIA for individuals with sickle cell

Rate of ED 30-day repeat visits for individuals with sickle

% of ED visits for individuals with sickle cell disease

Did patients feel they received adequate information

Rate of delirium onset during hospitalization

Rate of medication reconciliation at discharge

triaged with high severity (CTAS 1 or 2)

completed relevant equity, diversity, inclusion, and

90th percentile ED length of stay

 % of patients who visited the ED and left without being seen by a physician

antiracism education

 Do patients/clients feel comfortable and welcome at their primary care office? Do patients/clients feel involved in decisions about their

% of staff (executive-level, management, or all) who have

completed relevant equity, diversity, inclusion, and

Completion of sociodemographic data collection

Patient/client perception of timely access to care

Number of new patients/clients/enrolment

Long-term care

care residents

antiracism education

consequences?

staff?

Rate of potentially avoidable ED visits for long-term

% of staff (executive-level, management, or all) who have

completed relevant equity, diversity, inclusion, and

Do residents feel they can speak up without fear of

% of long-term care residents not living with psychosis

% of long-term care residents who fell in the last 30 days

who were given antipsychotic medication

Do residents feel they have a voice and are listened to by

about their health and their care at discharge? understanding experience is an important element of quality. care?

> Rate of workplace violence incidents resulting in lost time injury

Note: Organizations may also consider adding custom indicators to address their own improvement opportunities and collaborative work with other health service providers.

Abbreviations: ED, emergency department; CTAS, Canadian Triage and Acuity Scale; PIA, physician initial assessment

Need this information in an accessible format? 1-877-280-8538, TTY 1-800-855-0511, info@ontariohealth.ca

Thank you Merci